

# 2007 EMERGENCY PUBLIC INFORMATION CALENDAR

for Neighbors of Seabrook Station in Massachusetts

DO NOT DISCARD. SAVE FOR USE DURING AN EMERGENCY.

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### **Important Telephone Numbers**

#### For Help During an Emergency

Remember, in a public emergency do not use your telephone except to request help if you need it. For information, listen to your local Emergency Alert System radio station. It is important to leave telephone lines open and emergency workers available for people who need immediate help.

Amesbury
(TTY)
Merrimac
Newbury
Newburyport (978)-465-4424
(TTY)
Salisbury
West Newbury (978)-363-2388
(TTY)
Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency
Region I Emergency Operations Center (978)-328-1500
(TTY)

#### For Emergency Planning Information in Advance

Amesbury	(978)-3	88-8155
Merrimac	(978)-3	46-8752
Newbury	(978)-4	62-4440
Newburyport	(978)-4	65-4424
Salisbury	(978)-4	65-0543
West Newbury	(978)-3	63-1103

#### **Seabrook Station**

# 2007 Calendar



Turn of the century clam diggers on Plum Island



View from Chain Bridge



EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS

937FM 925FM

1450AM

S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24/31 25 26 27 28 29 30

DECEMBER 2006

FEBRUARY 2007
S M T W T F S
1 2 3
4 5 6 7 8 9 10
11 12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21 22 23 24
25 26 27 28

DNESDAY THURSDAY FRIDAY SATI	WEDNESDAY	TUESDAY	MONDAY	SUNDAY
$3 \mid \qquad 4 \mid \qquad 5 \mid$	3	2	1	
Full Moon	Full Moon		New Year's Day	
10 11 12	10	9	8	7
Last Quarter				
17 18 19	17	16	15	14
New Moon			Martin Luther King Jr. Day	
24 25 26	24	23	22	21
	~ _			7.5
First Quarter				
31	31	30	29	28
Do you have working flashlights and			~0	~0



E. Ross Carriage Works

# **FEBRUARY**

EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS **937FM 92.5FM 1450AM**  JANUARY 2007

S M T W T F S

1 2 3 4 5 6

7 8 9 10 11 12 13

14 15 16 17 18 19 20

21 22 23 24 25 26 27

28 29 30 31

MARCH 2007

S M T W T F S

1 2 3

4 5 6 7 8 9 10

11 12 13 14 15 16 17

18 19 20 21 22 23 24

25 26 27 28 29 30 31

SATURDAY	FRIDAY	THURSDAY	WEDNESDAY	TUESDAY	MONDAY	SUNDAY
	2	1				
	~	•				
	Groundhog Day					
4	Full Moon		7			
1	9	8	7	6	5	4
Last Quarte						
1	16	15	14	13	12	11
	10		• •	10	12	
New Moor			Valentine's Day			Lincoln's Birthday
	00	00		00	10	
2	23	22	21	20	19	18
First Quarte		Washington's Birthday	Ash Wednesday		President's Day	
			28	27	26	25
t for vour co	n amarganev bit	Do vou have e	20	~ 1	20	20
t for your cal	n emergency kit	Do you have a				



Engine at Newburyport Station - 1885



EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS 937FM 925FM

1450AM

FEBRUARY 2007
S M T W T F S
1 2 3
4 5 6 7 8 9 10
11 12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21 22 23 24
25 26 27 28

APRIL 2007

S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
Do you h	ave an emergenc Information o		family?	1	2	Full Moon
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Purim				U.N International Womens' Day		5
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Daylight Saving Time Begins	Last Quarter					Saint Patrick's Day
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	New Moon	Earth Day	First Day of Spring			
25	26	27	28	29	30	31
First Quarter					A Second	



Newburyport Fire and Police Station - built 1823



EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS 937FM 925FM

1450AM

MAY 2007

S M T W T F S

1 2 3 4 5

6 7 8 9 10 11 12

13 14 15 16 17 18 19

20 21 22 23 24 25 26

27 28 29 30 31

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
1	2	3	4	5	$6 \mid$	7
April Fool's Day	Passover begins at sundown					
Palm Sunday	Full Moon	Passover			Good Friday	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Easter Sunday		<b>)</b> Last Quarter				
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
		New Moon		Patriots' Day		
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
		First Quarter				
29	30					
			Have you change	d vour smoke de	tector batteries	



Mackerel fisherman at Plum Island - 1890



EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS 937FM 925FM 1450AM APRIL 2007

S M T W T F S

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

8 9 10 11 12 13 14

15 16 17 18 19 20 21

22 23 24 25 26 27 28

29 30

JUNE 2007

S M T W T F S

1 2

3 4 5 6 7 8 9

10 11 12 13 14 15 16

17 18 19 20 21 22 23

24 25 26 27 28 29 30

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
What should you do with your pets during an evacuation? Information on page 45.		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10  Last Quarter	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Mother's Day			New Moon			
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
			First Quarter			
27	Memorial Day (Observed)	29	30	31		



Newburyport High School Class of 1903



EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS 937FM 925FM 1450AM MAY 2007

S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5
6 7 8 9 10 11 12
13 14 15 16 17 18 19
20 21 22 23 24 25 26
27 28 29 30 31

JULY 2007

S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30 31

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
	How will you Info	1	2			
3	4	5	6	7	8  Last Quarter	9
10	11	12	13	14 Flag Day	New Moon	16
Father's Day	18	19	20	21 First Day of Summer	<b>22</b> First Quarter	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30



Dyer's Ice Cream and Oyster House, Parker River - 1920



EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS 937FM 92.5FM 1450AM S M T W T F S 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

AUGUST 2007

S M T W T F S

1 2 3 4

5 6 7 8 9 10 11

12 13 14 15 16 17 18

19 20 21 22 23 24 25

26 27 28 29 30 31

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY		
1	2	3	4	5	6	•		
			Independence Day			Last Quarte		
8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
						New Moon		
15	16	17	18	19	20	2		
22	23	24	25	26	27	28		
First Quarter								
29	30	31	What	What should you do when the sirens sound? Information on page 28.				
	Full Moon							



View of Merrimack River from Main Street, Amesbury

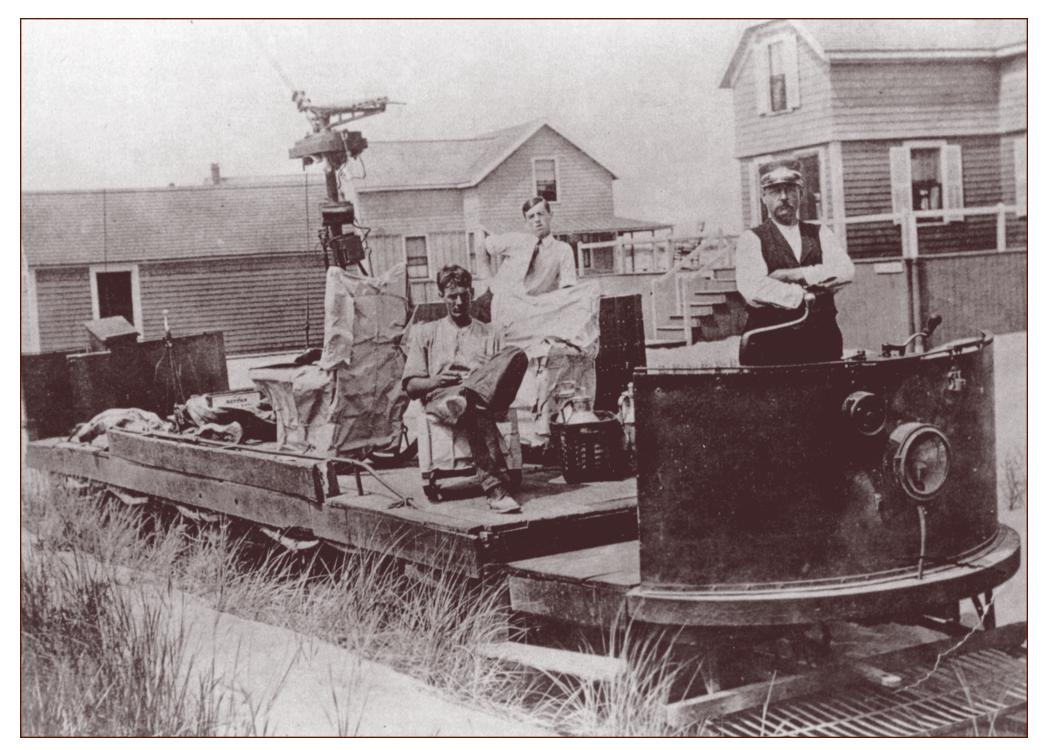


EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS 937FM 925FM 1450AM JULY 2007

S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30 31

SEPTEMBER 2007
S M T W T F S
1
2 3 4 5 6 7 8
9 10 11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21 22
23/30 24 25 26 27 28 29

	<u> </u>					
SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
	ne Emergency Ale radio stations? rmation on page	-	1	2	3	4
5  Last Quarter	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
New Moon	20 First Quarter	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	



Milk and ice deliveries by electric car on Plum Island



EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS 937FM 925FM 1450AM

OCTOBER 2007

S M T W T F S

1 2 3 4 5 6

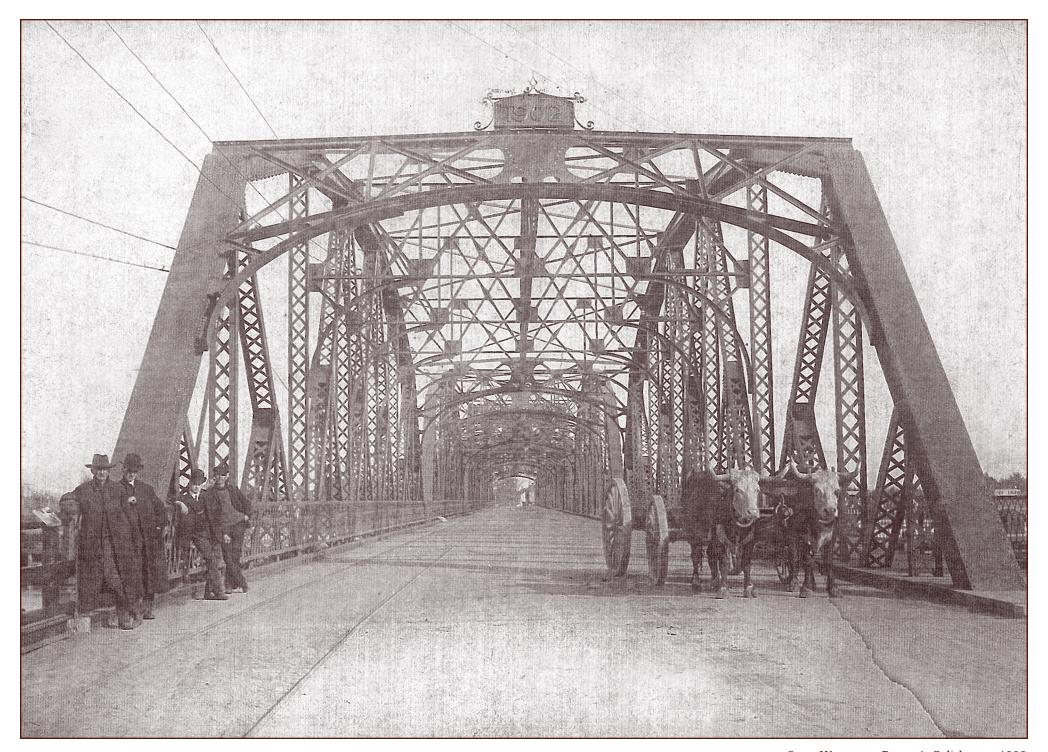
7 8 9 10 11 12 13

14 15 16 17 18 19 20

21 22 23 24 25 26 27

28 29 30 31

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
		•	ild's host school? pages 31 & 34.			1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Labor Day	Last Quarter				
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
National Grandparent's Day		New Moon	Rosh Hashanah begins at sundown First of Ramadan	Rosh Hashanah		
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			First Quarter		Yom Kippur begins at sundown	Yom Kippur
23/30	24	25	26	27	28	29
First Day of Fall			Full Moon			



Oxen Wagon on Route 1, Salisbury - 1902

# OCTOBER \approx

EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS

937FM 925FM

1450AM

SEPTEMBER 2007
S M T W T F S
1
2 3 4 5 6 7 8
9 10 11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21 22
23/30 24 25 26 27 28 29

NOVEMBER 2007
S M T W T F S
1 2 3
4 5 6 7 8 9 10
11 12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21 22 23 24
25 26 27 28 29 30

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
	1	2	3 $ $	4	5	6
			Last Quarter			
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Columbus Day (Observed)			New Moon		3
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
					First Quarter	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
			United Nations Day		Full Moon	
28	29	30	31			
	~~				eflective materia	
				8	goblin's costume	
			Halloween			



Re-enactment of the first settlers arriving in Newbury in 1635

# **NOVEMBER** \( \alpha\)

EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS 937FM 92.5FM 1450AM OCTOBER 2007

S M T W T F S

1 2 3 4 5 6

7 8 9 10 11 12 13

14 15 16 17 18 19 20

21 22 23 24 25 26 27

28 29 30 31

DECEMBER 2007

S M T W T F S

1
2 3 4 5 6 7 8
9 10 11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21 22
23/30 24/31 25 26 27 28 29

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
Where is your	· Reception Cent	er? Information	n on page 34.	1	2	3
				Last Quarter		
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Daylight Saving Time Ends		Election Day			New Moon	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Veteran's Day						First Quarter
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
				Thanksgiving Day		Full Moon
25	26	27	28	29	30	
						A

Photos in this calendar courtesy of:

Amesbury Public Library

Merrimac Public Library

> Newbury Town Hall

Newburyport Archival Center at the Newburyport Public Library

> Salisbury Public Library

West Newbury Public Library



# DECEMBER

EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM STATIONS 937FM 92.5FM 1450AM NOVEMBER 2007
S M T W T F S
1 2 3
4 5 6 7 8 9 10
11 12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21 22 23 24
25 26 27 28 29 30

JANUARY 2008

S M T W T F S

1 2 3 4 5

6 7 8 9 10 11 12

13 14 15 16 17 18 19

20 21 22 23 24 25 26

27 28 29 30 31

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
	Did	you water your	holiday tree tod	ay?		1
						Last Quarter
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Chanukah begins at sundown	Chanukah		Pearl Harbor Remembrance Day	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
New Moon						
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	First Quarter					First Day of Winter
23/30	24/31	25	26	27	28	29
	Full Moon-24th  Last Quarter-31st					

# **2007 Emergency Public Information**

#### **Being Prepared Begins in our Community**

An emergency response plan has been developed for your safety in partnership with the Emergency Management Directors in Amesbury, Merrimac, Newbury, Newburyport, Salisbury, and West Newbury. They work continually with fire, police, other public safety organizations, and dedicated volunteers throughout the year to ensure that

your community is prepared to respond to an emergency at Seabrook Station, or in any emergency. Please give them your support by reading the information in this calendar, learning what is planned for your community, and developing an emergency plan for your family.

If you have questions about emergency management in your community, please call your Emergency Management Director at the telephone numbers listed on page 1.

#### Become a Partner in Public Safety—Be Prepared!



City of Amesbury Richard Clark, Emergency Management Director



City of Newburyport
Raymond Goodwin, Emergency Management Director



Town of Merrimac

Ralph Spencer, Emergency Management Director



Town of Salisbury Robert Cook, Emergency Management Director



Town of Newbury Michael Reilly, Emergency Management Director Andy Avelis, Asst. Emergency Management Director



Town of West Newbury Scott Berkenbush, Emergency Management Director

# A message to neighbors of Seabrook Station

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts has a policy on emergency planning:

- First, each and every human life is of equal and inestimable value;
- Second, during an emergency, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts will make every effort and exhaust every resource, public and private, to save lives, reduce injury and suffering, and protect people from exposure to harm;
- **Third**, during an emergency, protective action judgements will be made on the basis of human need. There is no such thing as an acceptable level of death, injury or suffering.

#### **Emergency Information**

- This important information is provided to you as a public service by the Massachusetts
   Emergency Management Agency, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health, and Seabrook Station together with the local emergency management organizations. It tells you what to do in the event of an emergency at Seabrook Station.
- Some of this information would also be useful in other emergencies requiring public notification and possible public response. Such emergencies may include train derailments, chemical spills, floods, hurricanes, and tornadoes.

Please read this calendar and keep it in a safe and handy place.

# **How You Will Be Notified of an Emergency**

If there is an emergency requiring public notification, you will be alerted by one or more of the following warning signals:

- Outdoor sirens would sound a loud, steady tone lasting 3 to 5 minutes.
- Emergency workers would help to notify the handicapped.
- A message will be provided on TTY (teletypewriter) for persons who have registered with emergency management officials.
- The U.S.Coast Guard would alert ocean boaters. Sirens would alert boaters on the Merrimack River.

- Channels 16 and 22 on marine radio would also give boaters information.
- Outdoor sirens would alert people at the beaches and the Parker River National Wildlife Refuge.
   The U.S.Department of the Interior would also alert people at the refuge.

If you hear any of these signals, tune to one of the Emergency Alert System stations immediately. DO NOT use the telephone unless you need special assistance.

Check with your neighbors, especially the elderly or those who have difficulty hearing or seeing, to make sure they have received the warning and know what to do.

# Are you in the Emergency Planning Zone?

The area approximately 10 miles around Seabrook Station is called the Emergency Planning Zone. Plans have been developed for warning and protecting people within this 10-mile area.

Communities in the Emergency Planning Zone are: Amesbury, Merrimac, Newbury, Newburyport, Salisbury, and West Newbury.

# **Emergency Alert System (EAS)**

When you are alerted by the warning signal, you should tune to your local Emergency Alert System (EAS) station for emergency instructions. EAS is the direct link between you and the people responsible for your safety. Instructions may be given to you at any hour, day or night, and will include recommendations as to what you should do for your protection. Follow instructions carefully. Do not worry if you miss the beginning of an emergency broadcast. Information will be provided regularly.

# Local EAS Stations on The Air 24 Hours a Day

Boston 93.7 FM Haverhill 92.5 FM Newburyport 1450 AM

In case of an emergency always stay tuned to an Emergency Alert System station for your area.

# **Emergency Classifications**

If an emergency is declared at Seabrook Station, it would be categorized into one of four emergency levels.

- Unusual Event: This means a minor problem
  has occurred at the plant. It may involve hazardous weather or an equipment problem. Public
  officials would be notified, but there would be no
  need to sound the warning signals. People in the
  area would not need to take any special actions.
- Alert: This could affect plant safety but it is not expected to require any special actions by residents. Public officials would be notified. They would watch the situation and be ready to act if it got worse. As a precaution, public officials may mobilize transportation resources. They may

- transfer school children to host facilities outside the area and clear state parks and waterways. Radio or news broadcasts would inform the public of these actions.
- Site Area Emergency: This means a more serious problem has occurred. A small release of radioactive materials from the plant is possible. State and local officials would keep persons in the area fully informed about any necessary actions through Emergency Alert System radio stations. As a precaution, state officials would move school children to host facilities outside the area if this had not already been done. Other precautions would be called for by state officials, as needed.
- General Emergency: This is the most serious type of emergency. It could involve serious damage at the plant and the release of radioactive materials. State officials might order persons in some areas to shelter-in-place or to evacuate to a safer location. Warning signals would notify persons in the area. Special instructions would be issued over the Emergency Alert System radio stations.

### What to Do When Told to Shelter-in-Place

You may be instructed to shelter-in-place, which means you should immediately go indoors. If you are already inside, stay there. Often, sheltering-in-place provides the best protection. If a shelter-in-place message is given for your community over the Emergency Alert System radio station, you should do the following:

- Go indoors and close all doors and windows.
- Turn off all window fans, air conditioners, clothes dryers, kitchen and bath exhaust fans, and other sources of outside air.
- Continue to listen to your EAS station for official messages and instructions.
- · Keep pets indoors.

- If you have livestock, shelter them too. Give them stored feed and water from a covered source.
- Stay inside until officials say otherwise. If you must go outside, cover your nose and mouth with a folded, damp cloth. Persons with respiratory disorders should not go out at all.
- If you are traveling in a motor vehicle in the affected area, close the windows and air vents and turn off the heater. Keep the radio tuned to an EAS station.
- Persons without a place to stay should leave the area immediately.

- If sheltering-in-place is recommended during school hours, children will be sheltered right in the school building and cared for by school personnel.
- DO NOT use your telephone unless you need special assistance.

Remember, tune in to the one of the Emergency Alert System Stations at:

93.7 FM, 92.5 FM or 1450 AM for latest information.

#### What to Do When Told to Evacuate

If an evacuation is necessary, public safety officials will tell you over the Emergency Alert System radio station what to do. DO NOT evacuate unless directed to do so by public safety officials.

- Gather all persons in the house together.
- DO NOT try to pick up children at their schools.
   They will be taken to designated host schools outside the area where you may pick them up later (see page 34 for map to host schools).
- Household members outside the area may be advised not to return during an evacuation. They will be directed to the reception center where they can join you.
- DO NOT call your local fire or police departments for information. Emergency workers will need their telephone lines for emergency use. If you need special help, call your local Emergency Management Office at the emergency number listed on page 1.
- The Commissioner of Public Health may recommend that evacuating individuals, who have elected to do so, ingest potassium iodide.
- Stay tuned to your Emergency Alert System radio station.

#### What to Do as You Leave

- Turn off lights and unnecessary appliances.
- Close and lock windows and doors.
- Check with neighbors to see if they need assistance. Offer to share transportation, if you can.
- If you need a ride, try to get one with neighbors.
- If you cannot get a ride, use the maps on pages 35-40 to locate the emergency bus route nearest

- you. Buses will pick you up along the bus routes shown on those maps. If you cannot get to a bus route, contact your local Emergency Management Office at the emergency number listed on page 1. Emergency workers will arrange transportation for you.
- If you have livestock, shelter them. Leave them a three-day supply of stored feed and water that has been protected from possible contamination.

#### **How to Travel**

- While traveling in the car, keep all windows and vents closed until you have left the Emergency Planning Zone.
- Keep the car radio tuned to an Emergency Alert System station.
- Drive out of the area along one of the routes shown on pages 33 and 34.

#### Some Things to Take With You

Just take essential items that you would need. You could be away from home for a few hours to a few days. These are suggestions that apply to any type of emergency evacuation.

- This calendar.
- Clothing for several days.
- Toilet articles (soap, toothbrush, toothpaste, shampoo,etc.).
- Prescription medicines, medical equipment and important medical records.
- Special dietary foods.
- · Baby supplies.

- Blankets, pillows, and towels (if you will stay at a public mass care shelter).
- · Identification (drivers license) and important papers.
- · Checkbook, credit card, and cash.

#### **About Your Pets**

Only seeing-eye dogs and other service animals will be allowed inside the reception center and mass care shelters. You could take your pets with you if you planned to stay with friends or relatives. Do not leave your pets behind. Arrange for their evacuation in advance. See the Personal Planning Guide (page 45) for more information about evacuating pets.

# Plans for Children in Schools

Early in an emergency, school children will be moved to designated host facilities outside the emergency planning zone. (See page 31 for a list of host facilities). Do not try to pick up your children at their school or phone the school. The phone lines would be needed for emergency use. Instead, meet them at their host schools. Children who live inside the area, but go to school outside the area, will be held at the school until their parents pick them up.

If an emergency existed before the start of the school day, school would be canceled as it is when there is a danger of a winter stom.

## Plans for Children in Day Care Centers

Early in an emergency, day care centers will be closed. Parents will be notified by telephone, if possible, and asked to pick up their children. Any children not picked up will be taken to a host school outside the emergency planning zone (see page 31 for a list of host facilities), where their parents can pick them up.

In a sudden, serious emergency, children will be taken directly to a reception center

for monitoring and, if necessary, decontamination. Then they would be taken to their predesignated facility where you could pick them up.

Parents should be sure to listen to their local Emergency Alert System radio station to confirm this information at the time of an emergency.

## **Reception Centers**

Reception centers are available to assist evacuees. The reception center for your city or town is outside the 10-mile Emergency Planning Zone (See pages 33 and 34 for reception center locations).

At the center, you will be registered and checked for contamination. Emergency workers will decontaminate and care for anyone needing this type of assistance. You will be able to receive information about the location of other members of your family who have already registered

at the reception center. If you need a place to stay you will be directed to a mass care shelter that will provide meals and lodging.

The reception center and mass care shelters are handicap accessible. If you have additional needs, officials will assist you. If you can, you may want to stay with friends or relatives until the emergency is over.

Remember, tune in to the one of the Emergency Alert System Stations at: 93.7 FM, 92.5 FM or 1450 AM for latest information.

### **List of Host Facilities**

If your children attend:	Pick them up at:
Amesbury Schools and Daycares	Methuen High School 1 Ranger Road Methuen,MA
Salisbury Schools* and Daycares	Marsh Grammar School 309 Pelham Street Methuen,MA
Merrimac Schools** and Daycares	Dewing Elementary School 1469 Andover Street (Route 133) Tewksbury,MA
West Newbury Schools and Daycares	Tewksbury High School 320 Pleasant Street Tewksbury,MA
Newburyport Schools and Daycares	Minuteman Regional High School Marrett Road (off Route 2A West) Lexington,MA
Newbury Schools and Daycares	Wakefield High School 60 Farm Street Wakefield,MA

See page 34 for map to host schools.

- \*Students who reside in Salisbury and attend Triton Regional Schools will be transferred to the Marsh Grammar School in Methuen
- \*\*Students who reside in Merrimac and attend Pentucket Regional Schools will be transferred to the Tewksbury High School.

## **Evacuation Route Descriptions**

NOTE: The use of these suggested main roads will expedite the movement of evacuating traffic away from Seabrook Station.

#### **Amesbury**

**North:** Rte.107A North (South Hampton Rd.) to Rte.108 South to Haverhill to Rte.110 East to I-495 South to Rte.38 South (Exit 38) to East Street to Tewksbury Hospital.

East of Market St./South of Elm St.: Rte.110 to I-495 South to Rte.38 South (Exit 38) to East Street to Tewksbury Hospital.

West of Main St.: Hillside Ave. South, across Rte. 110 to I-495 South to Rte.38 South (Exit 38) to East Street to Tewksbury Hospital.

West of Hillside Ave.: Rte.110 West to Merrimac. Left on Broad St. to I-495 South to Rte. 38 South (Exit 38) to East Street to Tewksbury Hospital.

<u>Or</u> Rte.110 West to I-495 South to Rte. 38 South (Exit 38) to East Street to Tewksbury Hospital.

#### Merrimac

East of Church St.: Rte.110 to Broad St. South to I-495 South to Rte. 38 South (Exit 38) to East Street to Tewksbury Hospital.

West of Church St.: Rte.110 West to I-495 South to Rte. 38 South (Exit 38) to East Street to Tewksbury Hospital.

#### **Newbury**

Plum Island: Plum Island Tpk. West. Turn left on Ocean Ave. South to Rolfe's Lane South to Rte.1A South to Rte. 133 West. Rte. 133 West to I-95 South to Endicott Road (Exit 51). Left to Masconomet Regional School.

#### Newbury, continued

<u>Or</u> Plum Island Tpk. West. Turn left on Ocean Ave. South to Rolfe 's Lane to Hanover St. to U.S. Rte.I South to Rte. 133 West to I-95 South to Endicott Road (Exit 51). Left to Masconomet Regional School.

Inland including Byfield: U.S.Rte.1 South to Rte. 133 West to I-95 South to Endicott Road (Exit 51). Left to Masconomet Regional School.

<u>Or</u> I-95 South to Endicott Road (Exit 51). Left to Masconomet Regional School.

<u>Or</u> Rte.1A to Rte. 133 West to I-95 South to Endicott Road (Exit 51). Left to Masconomet Regional School.

#### Newburyport

East of State St.: U.S. Rte.1 South to Rte. 133 to I-95 South to Endicott Road (Exit 51). Left to Masconomet Regional School.

**Between Broad & State Sts.:** Low St. to Graf Rd. South to Scotland Rd. to I-95 South to Endicott Road (Exit 51). Left to Masconomet Regional School.

West of Broad St.: High St.West (Rte.113) to I-95 South to Endicott Road (Exit 51). Left to Masconomet Regional School.

#### Salisbury

Salisbury Beach: Rte. 1A South (which becomes Beach Rd.), across U.S.Rte. 1, to Rte. 110 West to I-95 South to Rte. 128 South to Reading. Take I-93 North (Exit 37B) to Exit 42. Left onto Dascomb Road (becomes East St.) to Tewksbury Hospital.

**South of Beach Rd.:** U.S. Rte. 1 South to Rte. 133 West to I-95 South to Rte. 128 South to Reading. Take I-93 North (Exit 37B) to Exit 42. Left onto Dascomb Road (becomes East St.) to Tewksbury Hospital.

North of Beach Rd.: U.S. Rte. 1 South to Rte. 110 West to I-95 South to Rte. 128 South to Reading. Take I-93 North (Exit 37B) to Exit 42. Left onto Dascomb Road (becomes East St.) to Tewksbury Hospital.

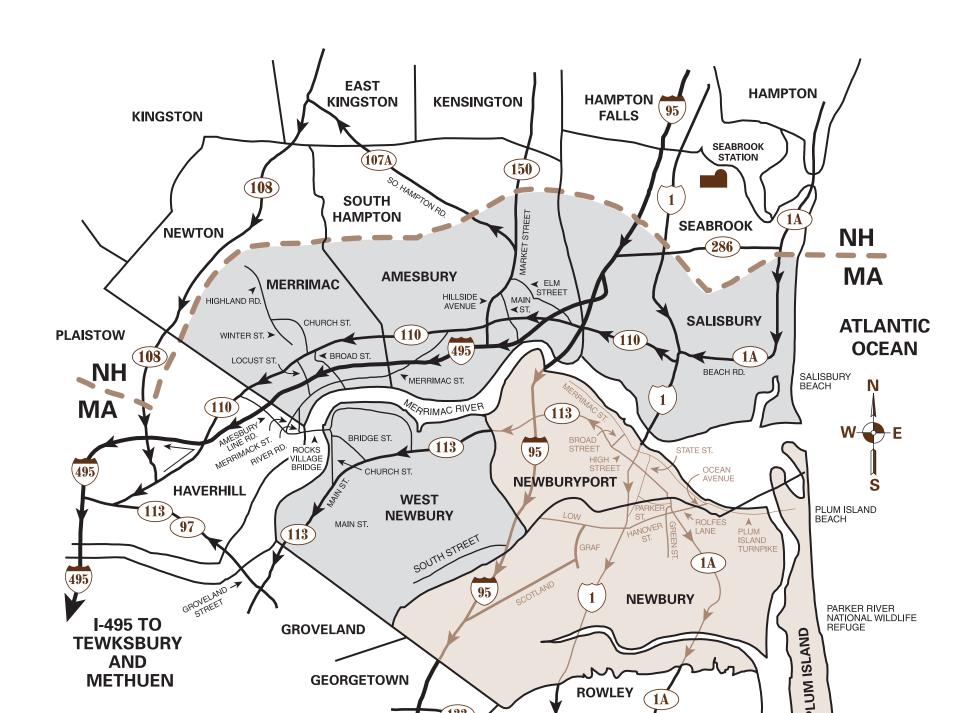
#### **West Newbury**

**North:** Rte. 113 West (Main St.) to Groveland to Rte. 97 North/113 West to I-495 South to Rte. 38 South (Exit 38) to East Street to Tewksbury Hospital.

<u>Or</u> Church St. or Bridge St. across Rocks Village Bridge to Rte. 110 West to 1-495 South (Exit 52) to Rte. 38 South (Exit 38) to East Street to Tewksbury Hospital.

**South:** South St. East to I-95 South to Rte. 128 South to Reading. Take I-93 North (Exit 37B) to Exit 42. Left onto Dascomb Road (becomes East St.) to Tewksbury Hospital.

# **Evacuation Route Map**





I-95 TO I-93 TO
TEWKSBURY
OR
I-95 TO BOXFORD
OR
I-95 TO RT. 128
TO LEXINGTON
AND WAKEFIELD

 $\widehat{133}$ 

MARSH GRAMMAR SCHOOL

28

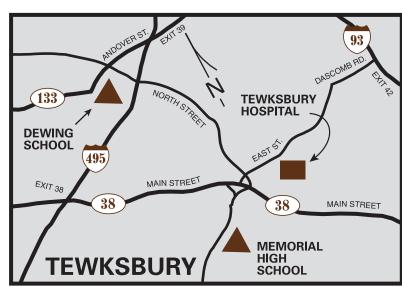
METHUEN
HIGH SCHOOL

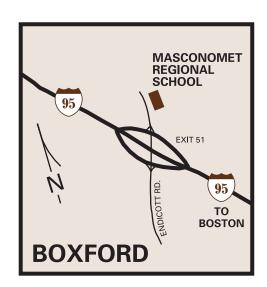
AND OF THE SCHOOL

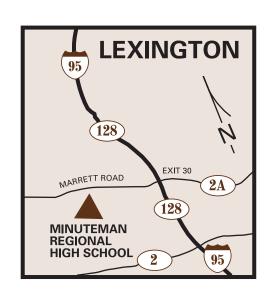
AND

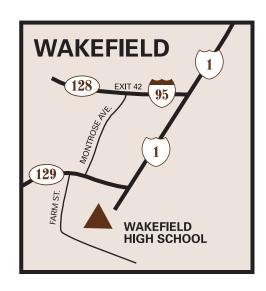
EVACUATE TO TEWKSBURY HOSPITAL

EVACUATE TO BOXFORD MASCONOMET REGIONAL SCHOOL









# Amesbury

# **Information**

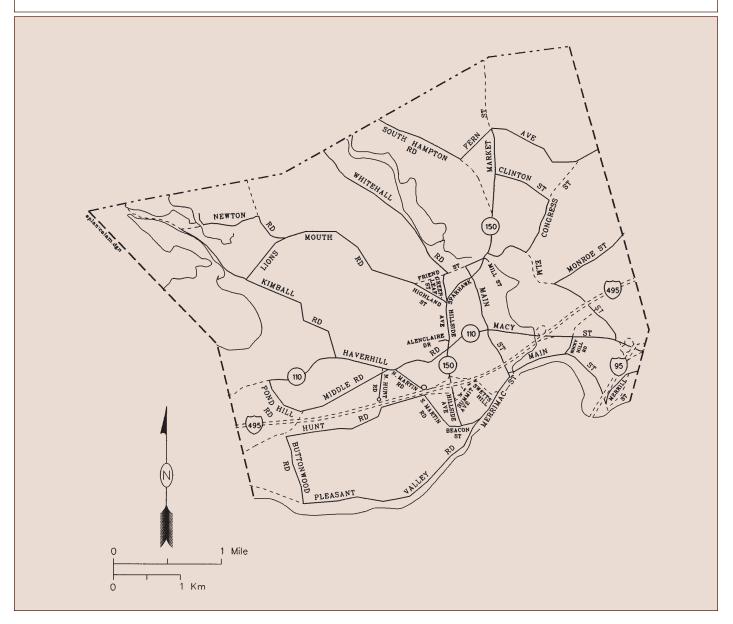
To get a ride in an emergency, walk to one of the routes shown as a solid line.

Buses will pick up riders anywhere along these routes. If a bus is full, another will come along.

Buses will take riders to the reception center at the Tewksbury Hospital in Tewksbury.

# **Evacuation Route Descriptions**

Emergency buses would be available if evacuation should be necessary for your city or town. If you need a ride, a bus would take you to your reception center. Additional bus information could be given on the Emergency Alert System.



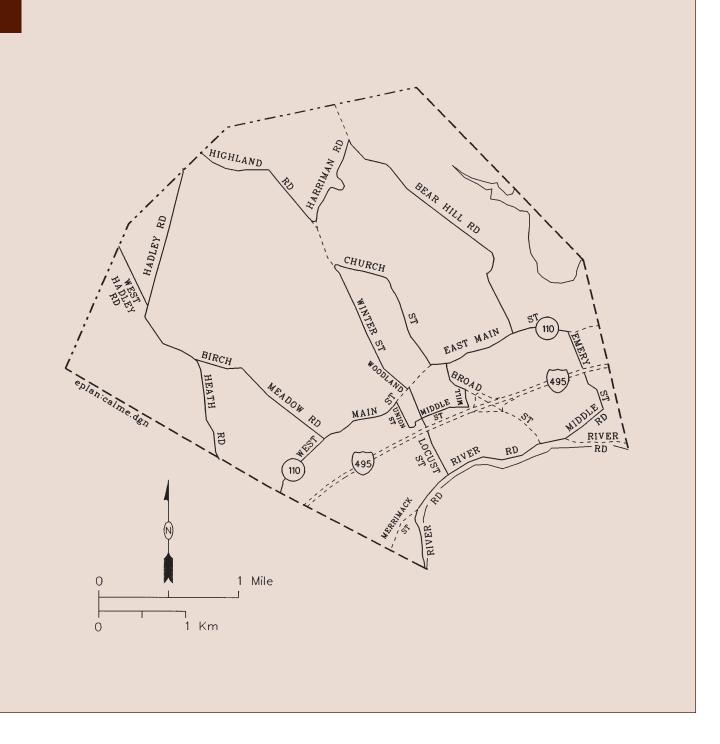
# Merrimac

# **Emergency Bus Information**

To get a ride in an emergency, walk to one of the routes shown as a solid line.

Buses will pick up riders anywhere along these routes. If a bus is full, another will come along.

Buses will take riders to the reception center at the Tewksbury Hospital in Tewksbury.



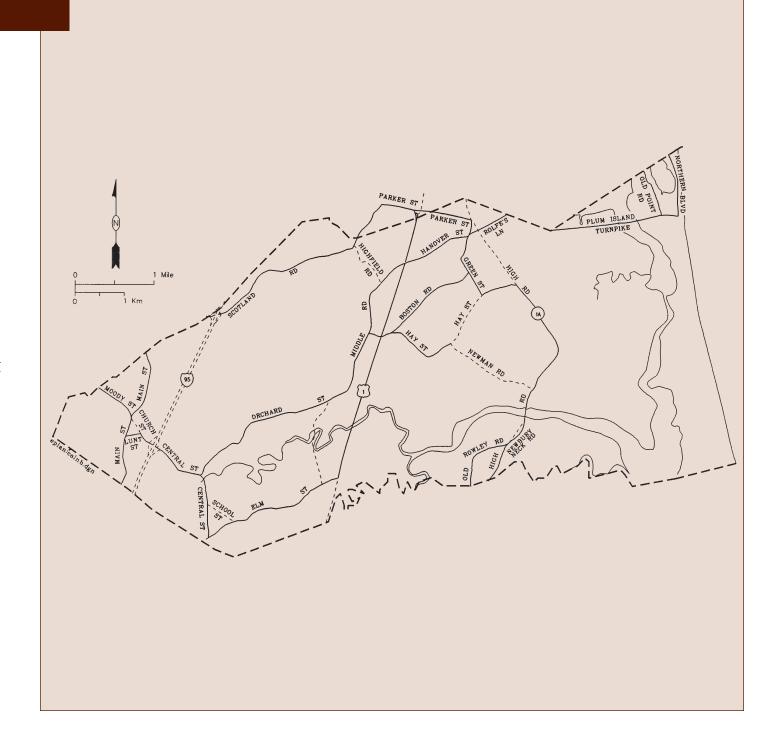
# Newbury

# **Emergency Bus Information**

To get a ride in an emergency, walk to one of the routes shown as a solid line.

Buses will pick up riders anywhere along these routes. If a bus is full, another will come along.

Buses will take riders to the reception center at Masconomet Regional School in Boxford.



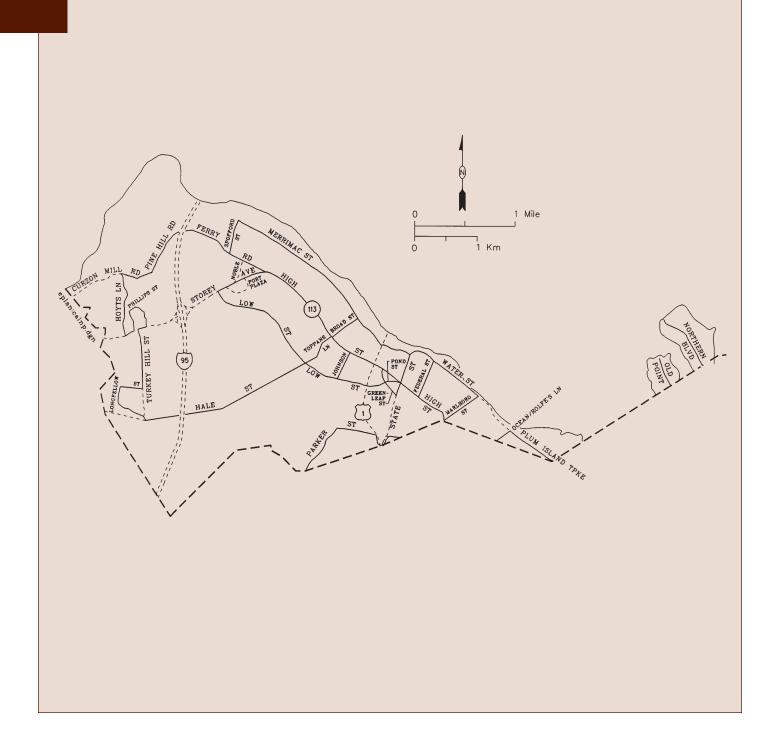
# Newburyport

# **Emergency Bus Information**

To get a ride in an emergency, walk to one of the routes shown as a solid line.

Buses will pick up riders anywhere along these routes. If a bus is full, another will come along.

Buses will take riders to the reception center at Masconomet Regional School in Boxford.



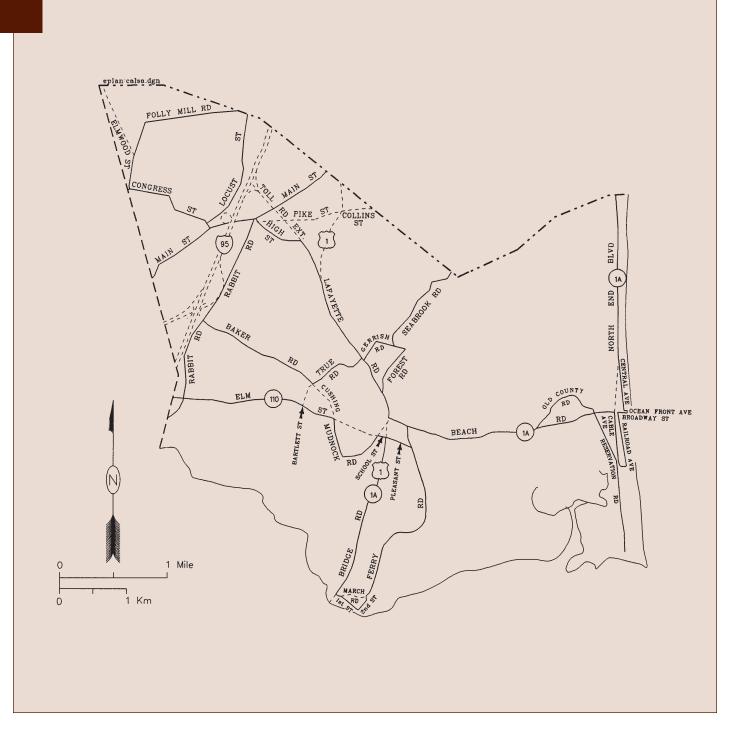
# Salisbury

# **Emergency Bus Information**

To get a ride in an emergency, walk to one of the routes shown as a solid line.

Buses will pick up riders anywhere along these routes. If a bus is full, another will come along.

Buses will take riders to the reception center at the Tewksbury Hospital in Tewksbury.



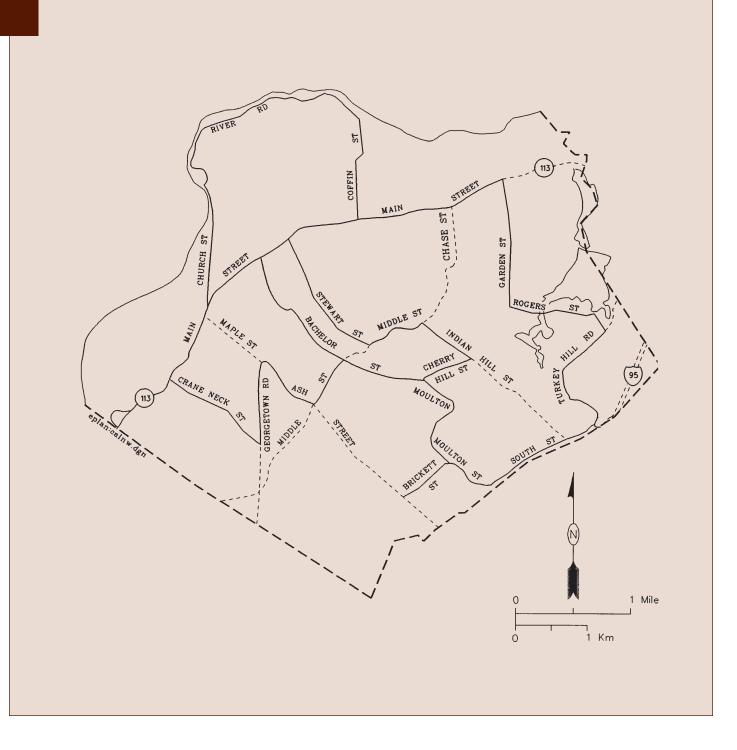
# West Newbury

# **Emergency Bus Information**

To get a ride in an emergency, walk to one of the routes shown as a solid line.

Buses will pick up riders anywhere along these routes. If a bus is full, another will come along.

Buses will take riders to the reception center at the Tewksbury Hospital in Tewksbury.



## **Plans for Special Groups**

# Patients in Hospitals and Nursing Homes

Hospital and nursing home patients who could not be released to their families would be taken to facilities beyond the 10-mile zone where they would receive the care they need. In the event of an evacuation, information about where patients have been moved would be provided as it becomes available.

#### **People with Special Needs**

Let your local Emergency Management Director know **in advance** if you need any special assistance during a public emergency. If you or someone in your household would need special help being notified of an emergency sheltering-in-place, evacuating, or staying in a mass care shelter, please let your Emergency Management Director

know immediately. Special help is available, but is best planned before an emergency happens. Please fill out the special needs card at the back of this booklet. A new card should be sent in every year. ALL INFORMATION WILL BE KEPT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

If you know someone who is blind or might have difficulty reading this calendar, please read it to them.

If you are deaf or hard of hearing and would need to be notified on a TTY (teletypewriter) of a public emergency, please notify your local Emergency Management office. You may use the special needs card at the back of this booklet.

If you have children who might be home alone, make sure they understand the information in this calendar and know what to do in an emergency. It is especially important that they know how to tune to their Emergency Alert System station.

#### People at the Beaches

In an emergency, the Salisbury and Plum Island beaches and the Parker River National Wildlife Refuge could be closed. People at the beaches or wildlife refuge should leave those areas and go back to their lodgings or homes. This action could be taken as a precaution even if no emergency actions were needed by the general public. Sirens would alert people at the beaches and the refuge to the emergency. The U.S.Department of the Interior personnel would also alert people at the refuge.

#### **Boaters**

Boaters on the ocean would be alerted by U.S. Coast Guard personnel. Sirens would alert boaters on the Merrimack River. Channels 16 and 22 on marine radio would give boaters information, in addition to the Emergency Alert System stations.

## **Other Important Information**

#### **Information for Farmers**

For information for farmers and food processors, contact:

Massachusetts Department of Public Health Radiation Control Program Schrafft Center, Suite 1M2A 529 Main Street Charlestown, MA 02129 (617)242-3035

www.mass.gov/dph/rcp

#### **Emergency Plan Testing**

To make sure that the emergency plan works well, it is tested regularly. This testing is called an exercise. Emergency workers and public officials simulate a serious problem and go through the emergency actions in the plan. You can read about these tests in the newspaper before they take place.

#### **Siren Testing**

Sirens are tested periodically. The date and time of any audible test is announced in advance in the local newspapers and on the radio.

#### **Accidental Siren Sounding**

Occasionally a siren sounds by accident. If you hear a siren, tune immediately to your Emergency Alert System station. If there is no emergency message, you should report the sounding to your local police or fire department.

## **About Radiation**

#### Q. What is radiation?

A. Radiation is a form of energy that is all around us. Radar, radiowaves, microwaves, ultraviolet (sun) rays, and X-rays are all forms of radiation. Some radiation is energy released from radioactive matter. Radioactive matter is present in the fuel in nuclear power plants.

People must take care to avoid too much exposure to most kinds of radiation.

One class of radiation can cause changes in the atoms that make up the human body. This class includes ultraviolet rays, X-rays, and radiation from radioactive matter. As with other types of radiation, care must be taken to protect people. People should limit their sunbathing, the number of X-rays they receive, and their contact with highly radioactive matter.

#### Q. Where does radiation come from?

A. Most radiation comes from natural sources. This is called background radiation. Rocks, water, the sun, and objects in space give off radiation. The ground we walk on, the buildings we live in, and nearly everything we touch contains some radioactive matter. The food we eat and the air we breathe give off radiation. Even our bodies are mildly radioactive.

Some radiation also comes from man-made sources. Man-made radiation comes from things like medical, industrial, and dental X-rays. It also comes from items such as the mantles in camping lanterns, some kinds of smoke detectors, and wood stoves. And some radiation comes from nuclear and even coal fired power plants that generate electricity.

The amount of radiation that a person gets is measured in "millirem." See the chart on right. This chart shows the average amount of some types of radiation received by the general public in one year. You can see from the chart that a nuclear power plant adds very little to how much radiation we receive.

# Q. What kind of protection does a nuclear power plant offer?

A. A commercial nuclear power plant in the U.S. has a series of barriers to keep radiation inside the plant.

The nuclear fuel is in pellet form. The pellets are put into long metal tubes. The metal tubes are bundled together. These bundles are placed in water inside the reactor vessel, which is steel, eight inches thick, and is lined with stainless steel. The reactor vessel is inside the containment building.

Seabrook's containment building is the strongest in the U.S. It is called a double containment. This is because it has two steel-and-concrete domes with a five-foot airspace in between. The first dome is of steel and concrete four and one-half feet thick. The outer dome is 15 inches thick. In addition, there is a steel containment liner three-eighths of an inch thick. The containment could withstand the crash of a fighter bomber jet. It could also withstand an earthquake right under the building or other natural disasters.

## Q. Can a nuclear power plant explode like an atom bomb?

A. Absolutely not. A nuclear explosion is impossible in a commercial nuclear power plant. A power plant doesn't contain the type of fuel in the amount which is needed to make atomic bombs.

# Q. What if there were a major accident at Seabrook Station?

A. In the event that all safeguards failed, radiation could be released. Worldwide experience has shown this to be a very unlikely event. That is why the emergency plan described in this calendar would be put into action to protect you.

# Q. Would there be any health effects from a major release of radiation?

A. It is well known that exposure to high levels of radiation may cause observable health effects. Possible health effects from lower levels of radiation are unknown, and consequently the present philosophy of radiation safety is to avoid unnecessary radiation exposure. Most evidence shows that radiation doses in low levels do not cause observable health effects. However, they can increase the chance of health problems later in life. To be especially careful, sheltering and evacuation would be ordered if the public might be exposed to low levels of radiation, using the Environmental Protection Agency's protective action guidelines as recommendations. This would protect you and your family with an ample margin of safety. Be sure to follow the instructions in this calendar and on the Emergency Alert System.

#### **Sources and Amounts of Radiation**

(average amounts in millirem)

Air-food-water	36/yr
The earth (Atlantic Coast)	16/yr
Indoor radon	200/yr*
Chest X-ray	15-20/test
Round trip, coast-to-coast plane trip	4/trip
Living next to a nuclear power plant	Less than 1/yr

<sup>\*</sup>Actual dose can vary greatly depending how well a house is ventilated.

# Potassium Iodide (KI) and the Public

The Massachusetts Department of Public Health and the Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency want you to know about potassium iodide (KI). The Nuclear Regulatory Commission has made KI available to states for distribution within the 10-mile emergency planning zones of commercial nuclear power stations.

#### What is potassium iodide (KI)?

Potassium iodide is a drug that can protect the thyroid gland from radiation injury caused by radioactive iodine. The drug is approved for use by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and is available over-the-counter.

#### How does it work?

KI saturates the thyroid gland with stable (non-radioactive) iodine, to limit the amount of radioactive iodine that could be absorbed by the thyroid. During a radiological emergency, radioactive iodine could be released to the environment. Iodine concentrates in the thyroid gland. Breathing air or eating food contaminated with radioactive iodine can injure the thyroid and increase the risk of thyroid cancer.

Potassium iodide is only effective against exposure to radioactive iodine and only protects the thyroid gland. KI does not protect against other types of radioactivity that might be released during a nuclear emergency. Evacuation and sheltering-inplace are the primary means of protection. The use of KI is secondary to these protective measures.

Remember, evacuation is the most effective protective action.

#### When should I take KI?

KI should be taken shortly before or shortly after exposure to radioactive iodine to be most effective. Even if taken three to four hours after exposure, it would still reduce the amount of radioactive iodine absorbed by the thyroid and have a substantial effect. The protective effects of KI last approximately 24 hours. Emergency broadcasts over Emergency Alert System radio stations will tell people if the Massachusetts Department of Public Health advises them to take KI.

# How much KI should I take or give to my children?

The presently available KI pills are 130-milligram scored tablets. In December 2001, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration published guidance on KI recommending the dosages shown below. These are the minimum effective doses; the Massachusetts Department of Public Health supports the use of one (1) 130-milligram tablet for children above three (3) years of age during an emergency. This is in agreement with U.S. Food and Drug Administration guidance.

If you are considering using KI in an emergency, you should discuss whether taking KI is right for you with your health care provider.

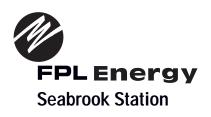
#### How can I get potassium iodide?

It is prudent to have potassium iodide prior to an emergency. Potassium iodide is an over-the-counter drug. Persons living within the 10-mile emergency planning zone may purchase potassium iodide at a local pharmacy.

For members of the EPZ population who have been instructed to evacuate and who have not obtained KI, distribution points will be set up at pre-identified KI Dispensing Sites located outside the EPZ. The two following sites have been set up for the Seabrook EPZ:

- <u>Danvers</u>: Exit 50 off of Route I-95 South (Routes 1 & 62 towards Danvers/Middleton).
   Take the Route 62 East Danvers exit to the fire station at 430 Maple Street.
- 2. <u>Lowell</u>: Exit 38 off of Route I-495 South. Bear right onto Route 38 for about one-quarter mile, turn right onto Village Street. Cawley Memorial Stadium will be on your left.

Recommended Dosages of KI		
Adults	130 mg	
Children aged 3-18 Years	65 mg	
Young children (one month to 3 years)	32 mg	
Infants (birth through one month)	16 mg	



## **Security at Seabrook Station**

Nuclear power plants are the most secure industrial facilities in the United States. After September 11, the nuclear energy industry substantially enhanced security at nuclear plants—already the most secure facilities in the U.S. industrial infrastructure. Security forces at nuclear plants were increased by one-third to approximately 8,000 officers at 103 plants located at 64 sites. Overall, the industry has spent \$1.2 billion on security-related enhancements since September 2001.

FPL Energy Seabrook Station features some of the strongest structures in the world, a comprehensive security program, and a highly experienced team of security professionals working hard to protect public health and safety. Seabrook Station remains in regular contact with local, state, and federal law enforcement officials, ensuring the exchange of vital information and the ability to prepare for potential threats. In addition, law enforcement agencies participate in training exercises with Seabrook Station officers.

Seabrook Station continues to be at the highest state of security awareness. Security measures taken at Seabrook since 9/11 include:

- extending and fortifying security perimeters
- increasing patrols within security zones

- installing new barriers to protect against threats from explosives in vehicles
- installing additional high-tech surveillance equipment
- strengthening coordination of security efforts with local, state and federal agencies to integrate approaches among the entities.

In addition to these measures, the State of New Hampshire established buffer zones around the plant to prevent boaters and others on the local marshes from approaching too closely. And, the Federal Aviation Administration has issued rules to instruct pilots not to hover, circle, or linger around sensitive installations, including nuclear power plants.

In terms of emergency preparedness, Seabrook Station's Emergency Response Organization (ERO) is made up of nuclear professionals able to respond immediately at any time in the unlikely event of a plant emergency. The ERO regularly conducts drills and exercise with local, state, and federal agencies ensuring emergency preparedness. Both the State of New Hampshire and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts administer comprehensive emergency plans through their offices of emergency management. In fact, the surrounding communities of Seabrook Station benefit by having this established emergency plan in place as it can be utilized for any emergency conditions.

Protecting public health and safety is the top priority at Seabrook Station.

# **Personal Planning Guide**

Fill in these blanks now and go over this information with your family. Decide who would pick up school-age children at the host facility and where to meet if you were apart in an emergency. Be sure children know what to do if they are alone and the sirens sound. Talk to your neighbors so you can help each other if necessary.

It is a good idea to keep some things handy in case of an emergency: portable radio, flashlight, extra batteries. Keep your car in good running order and don't let the gas tank get too low.

This will all save time and avoid confusion in an emergency.

My best evacuation route is:
My reception center is located at:
My school-age children will be taken to:
Prescription medicines I will need:
Important papers I will need:
I could get an emergency bus at:

My local Emergency Management Office non-emergency number during regular business hours is:
My local Emergency Management Office emergency number is:
Places that will accept pets (motels/hotels, boarding facilities outside the Emergency Planning Zone):
Other things to remember:

#### Plan in Advance to Evacuate Your Pets

Since Mass Care shelters do not accept animals (other than seeing-eye and hearing-ear dogs), make a list of places that would accept your pets, such as boarding kennels, friends and relatives outside the affected area, or motels that accept pets.

Prepare an emergency kit for your pets, including collars and leashes, a three-day supply of food, bowls, litter boxes, photographs, and a week's supply of medications that your pets may be taking.

Make sure your pets wear collars with current license and rabies tags, and identification tags that include information on where you'll be staying.

Use a pet carrier for each of your pets to make transportation easier.

The MASSACHUSETTS PUBLIC INFORMATION PHONE NUMBER is 1-800-982-6846. Additional public information can be found at: www.mass.gov/mema and www.mass.gov/dph/rcp

# If you would like...

additional copies of this calendar, please call or write to the Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency or contact your local Emergency Management Office.

### MASSACHUSETTS EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

**Region I Office** P.O. Box 116 Tewksbury, MA 01876-0116

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BUSINES

REPLY MAIL

MASS. EMERGENCY MGMT AGENCY

REGION I OFFICE

TEWKSBURY, MA

01876-0116

I LIVE IN THE TOWN OF

# 

SCORE HERE; DOTTED LINE DOES NOT PRINT

# and Those Disabled With Special Handicappec Needs

hearing impairment or need for specialized It is important that you make any special needs known beforehand special needs could include a walking disability, sight or transportation for all persons with special needs Special provisions have been made to provide medical

For example,

Contact your local Emergency Management Director or MAIL IN this CONFIDENTIAL



# MASSACHUSETTS EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Region I Office P.O. Box 116 Tewksbury, MA 01876-0116 PRESORT STD U.S. POSTAGE PAID PERMIT #1 MANCHESTER, NH

YES, I/This person will need help in the event of an emergency:	Relative or person we can notify to help you in case of an emergency:	
NAME	NAME	
ADDRESS	ADDRESS	
CITY AND ZIP	PHONE (home)	
PHONE	PHONE (work)	
TDD		
I consider myself to be:	Help needed:	
	Need a ride	
Blind/Low Vision	Need a wheelchair accessible ride	
Wheelchair user	Need an ambulance for transportation	
Confined to bed	Need individualized notification	
Other (specify)		
Please note: even if you se	ent in a Special Needs Card	

in the past, a new card should be sent in EACH YEAR.

your local Emergency Management Director complete and return this card. THIS INFORMATION WILL BE KEPT CONFIDEN gency, please fill out and return this card as soon as possible. If someone you If you have a disability that may cause you to need special help in an emerknow in the area would need special help in an emergency, urge him or her to TIAL BY STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES. This card will be forwarded to

should be sent in EACH YEAR

Please note: even if you sent in a Special Needs Card in the past, a new card

Please tear along dotted line, seal closed with address facing out, and mail. No postage is necessary

Would You Need Special Help in an Emergency? pecial Needs



## ANNUAL EMERGENCY HELP SURVEY

THIS INFORMATION WILL BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Please mark an "X" in EACH box that applies to you.

YES, I/This person will need help in NAME		• •		
ADDRESS				
CITY AND ZIP				
PHONE				
TDD				
Relative or person who can be not of an emergency:	iffed to n	eip this individual in case		
NAME				
ADDRESS				
PHONE (home)				
PHONE (work)				
PERF HERE; DOTTED	LINE DOES NO	T PRINT ·		
I consider myself to be:	Help ne	eded:		
Deaf or Hard of Hearing		☐ Need a ride		
Blind/Low Vision		_		
in a similar control of the control		■ Need a wheelchair accessible ride		
Wheelchair user		☐ Need an ambulance		
Confined to bed		for transportation		
Other (specify):		<ul><li>Need individualized notification</li></ul>		
		HOUHCAUOH		
EOLD WHEDE INDICA	TED TARE	AND MAII		
FOLD WHERE INDICA	·			
FAMILY EMERGENCY PLANNING GUIDE FOR A SEABROOK STATION EMERGENCY				
Keep a copy of your family emergency planurse. Photocopy as needed for additional		•		
Fill in the blanks now, and discuss this information with your family. Decide who would pick up your children and where to meet if you were apart in an emergency. Be sure your children know what to do if they are alone and the sirens sound. Talk to your neighbors so you can help each other.				
My Emorgonov Alort Systems (EAS) radio	o stantions (	aro:		
<ul> <li>My Emergency Alert Systems (EAS) radio</li> <li>93.7 FM, 92.5 F</li> </ul>				
		1430 AIVI		
• My Reception Center is located at (see )	page 31):			
My children's Host Facility is located at	(see page 3	31):		
• Closest Emergency Bus Route is (see page 32):				
My family's check-in phone number is:				
My family's meeting place is:				
My local Emergency Management Office front county.	e emergenc	ry number is (see inside		
front cover):	5)			
• Pet Emergency Information (see page 45)				
• My Potassium Iodide (KI) location is (se	ee page 43):			
My prescription list is located:				
<ul><li>My important papers are located:</li></ul>				
v 1 1 1				
Pet friendly hotels/facilities are located.				

NOTES: \_

TEWKSBURY, MA 01876-0116 P.O. BOX 116 PEGION I OFFICE TEWKSBURY, MA 01876-0116

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

FIRST-CLASS MAIL PERMIT NO. 49 TEWKSBURY, MA

## **BOSINESS KEPLY MAIL**

NO POSTAGE NECESSARY IF MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES



I LIVE IN THE TOWN OF:

PERF HERE; DOTTED LINE DOES NOT PRINT

PERF HERE; DOTTED LINE DOES NOT PRINT

# HOW YOU WILL KNOW THERE IS AN EMERGENCY

- The loud, steady tone of the outdoor emergency sirens, lasting 3 to 5 minutes.
- A voice message over beach loudspeakers
- Announcements from town harbormasters or an Urgent Marine Information Broadcast from the Coast Guard
- A message on teletypewriters (TTYs) if you have registered with a town Emergency Management Office to be notified over the TTY in case of an emergency
- Word of mouth

Tune to your local Emergency Alert System (EAS) radio station for emergency instructions. Instructions may be relayed day or night and will include recommendations on what to do for your protection. Follow instructions carefully. Information will be provided regularly.

#### **LOCAL EAS STATIONS**